REPORT ON

GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATIONS

FOR THE PROPOSED

Degree College In Govt. Mahila High School Campus, Jamui

Your Letter No.- BSEIDC/Tech/1960/2018-8409 Dated - 04.12.2021

Submitted to The Chief Engineer BSEIDC, Patna

December, 2021



BIHAR FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS

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Degree College in Govt. Mahila High School Campus, Jamui



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Report on Sub Soil Investigations for the Proposed Construction of Degree College in Govt. Mahila High School Campus, Jamui

INTRODUCTION

The subsoil investigations reported herein were taken up (vide W.O. No. BSEIDC/Tech/1960/2018-8409 Dated – 04.12.2021 to find out the nature of subsoil at the site* of the proposed construction and to recommend the capacity and type of its foundation. After certain tests on the soil, as detailed below, the desired recommendations have been made on **page 3-4** of this Report.

2. FIELD WORK

The fieldwork consisted of sinking bore holes, collecting soil samples and conducting the necessary field tests.

2.1. Boring

Taking guidance from IS: 1892, 150 mm diameter bore holes were sunk at locations shown in the bore hole location map.

2.2 Sampling

2.2.1 Undisturbed Soil Samples

Open drive samplers of 100-mm diameter and about 450-mm length were used for obtaining undisturbed samples of cohesive soils. The collection, sealing, labeling and transportation of the samples to the laboratory were done as per the IS guide-lines.

2.2.2 Disturbed Soil Samples

Disturbed soil samples were collected at suitable intervals of depth (not more than 2.5 m) and at all depths of change in the nature of the subsoil. These samples were sealed in polythene bags with proper identification labels.

2.3 Field Tests

2.3.1 Standard Penetration Tests (SPT)

These tests were conducted as per IS: 2131 – 1963. The depth interval between two consecutive tests was 1 to 1.5 m. The tests were located in between the levels at which undisturbed soil samples were collected.

^{*}It was learnt from Sri Bipin Ji, the J.E. [Mob. No. 9470254520] that the original site for this College was in the campus of Govt. Mahila High School, Jamui. But due to some reasons that site had been changed by the D.M. to the present one in Village Sekariya.

Report on Sub Soil Investigations for the Proposed Construction of Degree College in Govt. Mahila High School Campus, Jamui

3. LABORATORY TESTS

Some or all of the following laboratory tests, as necessary, were done on the collected soil samples. Representative soil samples were selected for this from the different soil strata encountered during boring. The tests were performed as per the relevant Indian Standard Codes of Practice.

- (a) Natural moisture content
- (b) Bulk density
- (c) Grain size analysis (using sieves and / or hydrometer)
- (d) Specific gravity of soil solids
- (e) Atterberg's limit tests (liquid, plastic and shrinkage limits)
- (f) Shear Tests:
 - [I] Triaxial compression test (unconsolidated undrained), generally for fine- grained soils
 - [II] Unconfined compression tests, only on cohesive soils
 - [III] Direct shear tests, generally for coarse-grained soils
- (h) Other tests as and when required.

4. PRESENTATION OF TEST RESULTS

The field and laboratory test results are given in the **Appendix B.**

5. SOIL STRATIFICATION

The results of field tests in three bore holes sunk at the site [vide Location Sketch in App. A] and the results of laboratory tests conducted on the collected soil samples indicate that the soil stratification at the site is as describe below.

The subsoil in all BH's is silty sand [type SM-SP] up to the investigated depth of 10.5 m bgl.

Ground water table was struck at about 4.40 m to 4.60 m depth below GL in December, 2021 It is subject to seasonal variations.

6. FOUNDATION ANALYSIS

The safe capacity of foundation of any type and size may be determined on the basis of the soil data given in this Report by using the standard methods of foundation design and following the relevant Indian Standard Codes.

7. RECOMMENDATIONS

The design of the foundation for the proposed structure depends on the nature of both [a] the subsoil and [b] the structure.

The subsoil in all BH's is silty sand [type SM-SP] up to the investigated depth of 10.5 m bgl.

Ground water table was struck at about 4.40 m to 4.60 m depth below GL in December, 2021 It is subject to seasonal variations.

Hence,

- 1. The subsoil is loose to very loose up to about 4 m depth. Hence the proposed structure may be provided with shallow foundation at a depth of 4.0 m or more.
- 2. Alternatively plane piles of lengths 4.0 m to 10.0 m with shaft diameters 0.25 m, 0.30 m, 0.40 m and 0.50 m may be provided. A casing will have to be used during boring for the pile. If concreting for a pile has to be done under water, DMC and tremie method of concreting should be adopted.

By way of example, the values of safe capacities of

[1] Shallow foundations and [2] Plane piles of the above mentioned sizes and depths have been calculated (vide Samples of Calculations in Appendix F) and the safe capacities are given below in Tables 1 and 2 respectively.

Table 1: Allowable Net Bearing Pressures [qna] and Settlements Expected [s]

Depth (m)	Width	Net allowa	ıble bearing pressu	re (t/m²)	Maximum expected
below Ground Level	(m)	Strip footing	Square footing	Raft footing	settlement (mm)
	2	6.9	6.9		50
4.0	3	6.4	6.4	•••	50
	10	,		5.8	75
	2	6.9	6.9		50
4.5	3	6.4	6.4	•••	50
	10			6.1	75
	2	8.1	8.1	•••	50
5.0	3	7.4	7.4	•••	50
	10	•••		9.4	75
	2	9.3	9.3	•••	50
6.0	3	8.5	8.5		50
	10			10.0	75

Table 2. Safe Capacities of Plane Piles [Factor of safety = 2.5 in skin friction and 3 in bearing]

Pile length [m]	(SUBJECT	Safe Capacities [tonnes] (SUBJECT TO CHECKING FOR SLENDERNESS RATIO*) for Piles of diameters (m):												
	0.25 m	0.30 m	0.40 m	0.50 m										
4.0	2.1	2.8	4.3	6.1										
6.0	4.0	5.7	9.1	12.6										
8.0	5.8	8.4	14.2	21.0										
10.0	7.7	11.1	19.0	28.7										

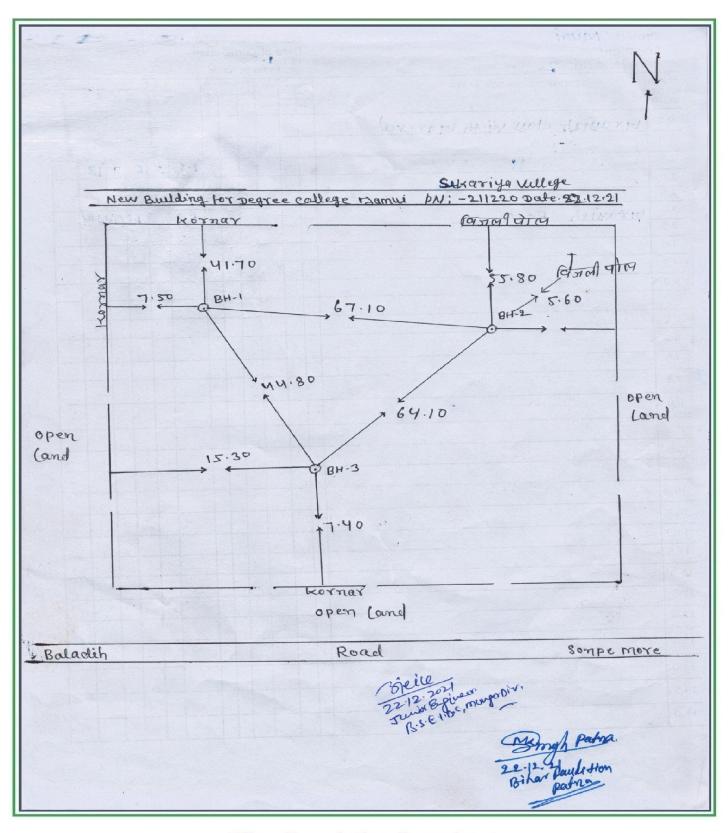
*For a preliminary checking of the slenderness ratio, the modulus of subgrade reaction (k) may be estimated from the following empirical relation given in IS: 2950-1981 (Second Revision) Table 1. k (kN/m^3) = 240 c, where c (kN/m^2) is the value of cohesion of the soil at the concerned depth. Notes:

- 1. If a subsoil condition much different from those reported herein is met with during foundation trenching or piling, suitable steps should be taken.
- 2. If the depth of a shallow foundation is below the water table, dewatering of the foundation trench has to be done, and its side walls of may have to be suitably supported at the time of the construction of the foundation.
- 3. In case a basement is being provided, its base and side walls have to be safeguarded against the likely ingress of ground-water.
- 4. If concreting for a pile has to be done under water, DMC and tremie method of concreting should be adopted.
- 5. As per the provisions of the IS Code, an appropriate number of piles must be subjected to routine load tests to check the veracity of the above recommended values of the safe capacities of piles.

For Bihar Foundation Consultants

(Prof. C.N. Sinha, Dr.-Ing., FIE) Chief Consultant.

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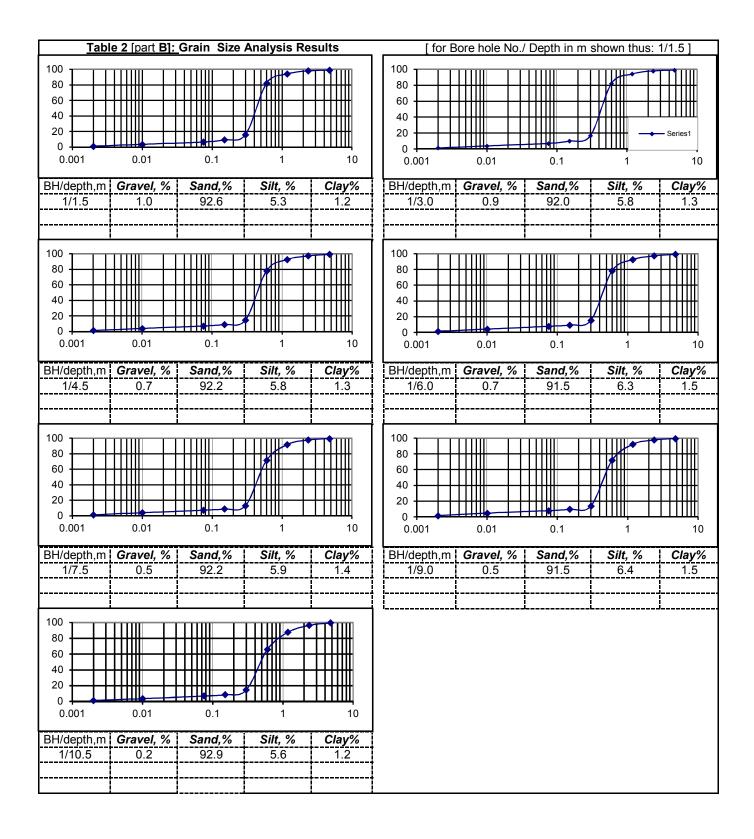


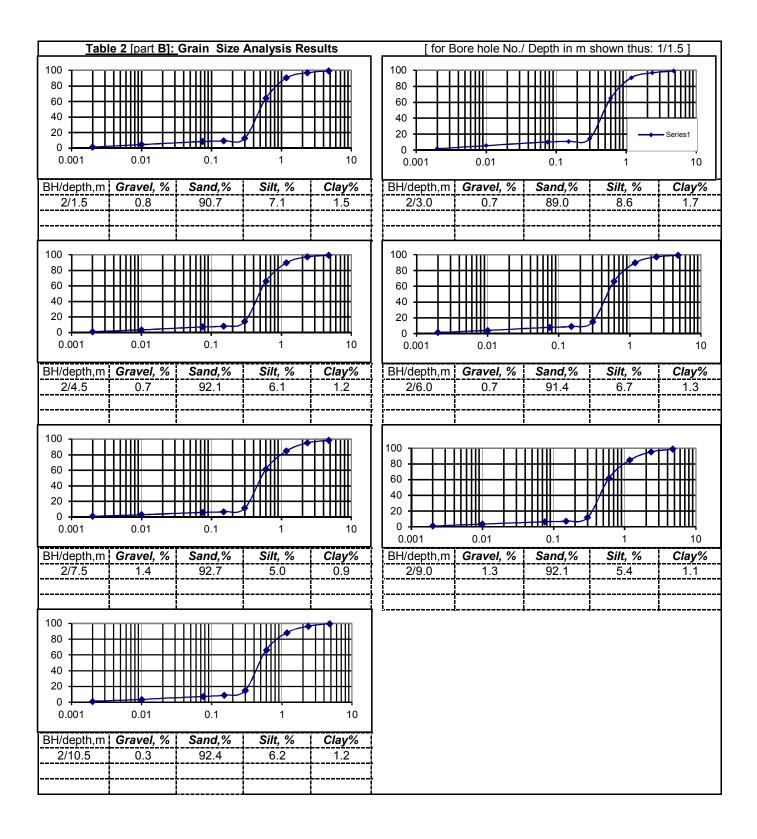
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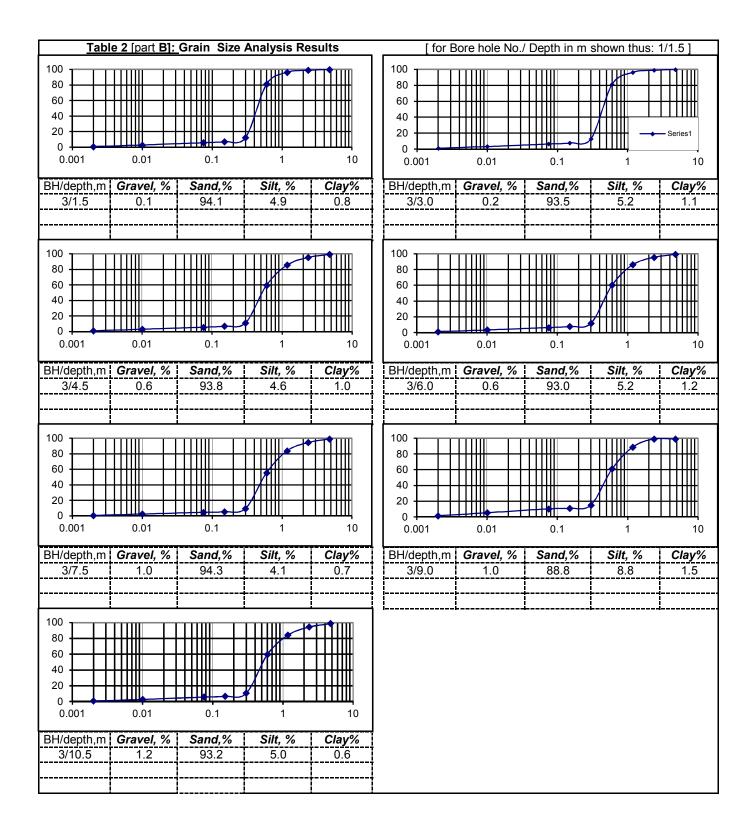
NAME O	F WORK	: Sub soil In	vestigation for C/O				BORING	FINISH D	ATE : 22.	12.2021		WATER ⁻	TABLE	: 4.50 m b	gl	
Degree	College	in Govt. Ma	hila High School Campus, Jamui				BORING	METHOD	: Rotary							
BORE H	OLE NO. :	1	Site Incharge - Mukesh Singh				TERMINA	ATION DE	PTH: 10.	5 m		RECORD	ORD ON : 22.12.2021		2021	
Depth Below GL (m)	e No.	SPT 'N' Value observation	Visual Description of Soil with IS Classification	Dept	h(m)	Thickness (m)	Liquid Limit	Plastic Limit	Plasticity Indix,%	Bulk Density (gm/cm3)	Natural Moisture Content (%)	Specific Gravity	Type of Test	Shear Te	به Friction Angle, أ	Compression Index ($C_{ m c}$)
epth	Sample	Obsr.		from	to	hickr	iquid	lastic	lastic	иķ	latura %)	pecif	урес	Cohesion, kg/cm2)	rictio	ідшо
1.0	S	0001.		0.0	10	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u>.</u>	В	ΖŰ	S		0 \$	Ш ф	0
1.5	S1	4		0.0						1.91	30.0	2.63		0.00	26.2	
1.5	31									1.51	30.0	2.00		0.00	20.2	
2.5			Greyish silty sand, SM-SP			4.5										
3.0	S2	4	Oregish silty sand, owi-or							1.91	30.0	2.63		0.00	26.2	
4.0																
4.5	S3	7			4.5					1.91	30.3	2.64		0.00	28.0	
5.5				4.5												
6.0	S4	21								1.87	32.7	2.62		0.00	29.1	
7.0																
7.5	S5	23	Crevish vallevish silty and CM CD			6.0				1.87	32.9	2.62		0.00	29.3	
8.5			Greyish yellowish silty sand, SM-SP			6.0										
9.0	S6	26								1.86	33.7	2.62		0.00	29.6	
10.0																
10.5	S7	30			10.5					1.85	34.6	2.62		0.00	30.0	

NAME O	F WORK	: Sub soil In	vestigation for C/O				BORING	FINISH D	ATE : 22.	12.2021		WATER 7	TABLE	: 4.60 m b	gl	
Degree	College	in Govt. Ma	hila High School Campus, Jamui				BORING	METHOD	: Rotary							
BORE H	OLE NO. :	2	Site Incharge - Mukesh Singh				TERMINA	ATION DE	PTH:10.	5 m		RECORD	ON	: 22.12.	2021	
v GL (m)		SPT 'N' Value observation	Visual Description of Soil with IS Classification	Dept	.h(m)	n)			dix,%	Bulk Density (gm/cm3)	Natural Moisture Content (%)	vity		Shear Te		Compression Index (C _c)
Depth Below GL (m)	Sample No.				T	Thickness (m)	Liquid Limit	Plastic Limit	Plasticity Indix,%	lk Densit)	tural Mois)	Specific Gravity	Type of Test	Cohesion, c kg/cm2)	Friction Angle, φ °	mpressio
De	Sal	Obsr.		from	to	Ţ	Lig	Pla	Pla	Bul	Na (%)	ďS	Ţ	S À	Fric	ပိ
1.0				0.0												
1.5	S1	3								1.92	30.0	2.63		0.00	25.5	
2.5			Cravials ailty agend CM CD			4.5										
3.0	S2	4	Greyish silty sand, SM-SP			4.5				1.91	30.0	2.30		0.00	26.2	
4.0																
4.5	S3	9			4.5				1.90	30.5	2.63		0.00	28.0		
5.5				4.5												
6.0	S4	22								1.87	32.8	2.62		0.00	29.2	
7.0																
7.5	S5	25	Greyish yellowish silty sand, SM-SP			6.0				1.86	33.6	2.62		0.00	29.5	
8.5			Oregisti yeliowish siity sanu, Sivi-SF			0.0										
9.0	S6	29				\exists				1.85	34.5	2.62		0.00	29.9	
10.0																
10.5	S7	31			10.5					1.85	34.7	2.62		0.00	30.1	

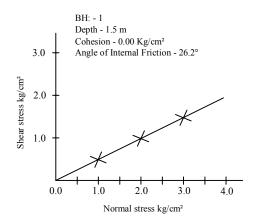
NAME O	F WORK	: Sub soil In	vestigation for C/O				BORING	FINISH D	ATE : 23.	12.2021		WATER	TABLE	: 4.40 m b	gl	
Degree	College	in Govt. Ma	hila High School Campus, Jamui				BORING	METHOD	: Rotary				Type of Test Type of Test O0.0 Region, c (Region)			
BORE H	OLE NO. :	3	Site Incharge - Mukesh Singh				TERMINA	ATION DE	PTH:10.	5 m		RECORE	ON	: 23.12.	2021	
, GL (m)		SPT 'N' Value observation	Visual Description of Soil with IS Classification	Dept	th(m)	(и			dix,%	Bulk Density (gm/cm3)	Natural Moisture Content (%)	vity				Compression Index ($C_{ m c}$)
Depth Below GL (m)	Sample No.				T	Thickness (m)	Liquid Limit	Plastic Limit	Plasticity Indix,%	k Density	tural Mois)	Specific Gravity	oe of Test	hesion, c cm2)	Friction Angle, ϕ°	mpressio
Del	Sar	Obsr.		from	to	Thi	Liq	Pla	Pla	Bul	Nat (%)	Spe	TyF	S S	Fric	Ŝ
1.0				0.0												
1.5	S1	4								1.91	30.0	2.63		0.00	26.2	
2.5																
3.0	S2	5								1.91	30.1	2.63		0.00	28.0	
4.0																
4.5	S3	8							1.91	30.4	2.63		0.00	28.0		
5.5			Greyish silty sand, SM-SP			10.5										
6.0	S4	20	Oregisti sitty saita, ow-or			10.0				1.88	32.2	2.62		0.00	29.0	
7.0																
7.5	S5	24								1.87	33.0	2.62		0.00	29.4	
8.5																
9.0	S6	27								1.86	33.8	2.62		0.00	29.7	
10.0																
10.5	S7	31			10.5					1.85	34.7	2.62		0.00	30.1	

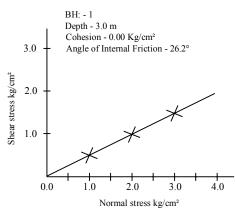


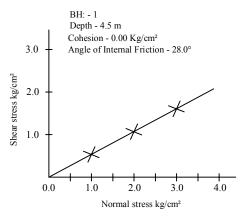


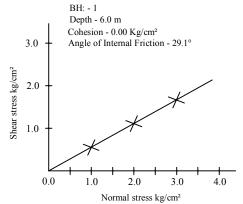


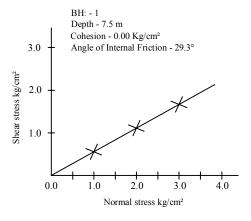
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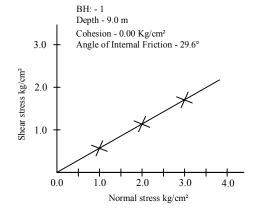


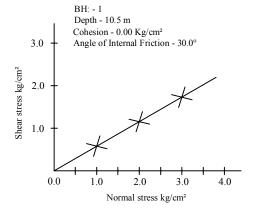












Appendix -

D1

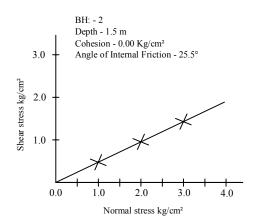
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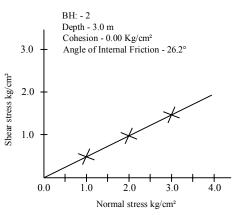
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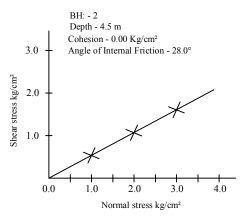
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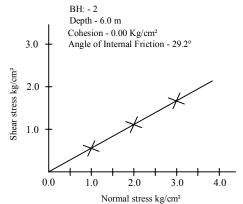
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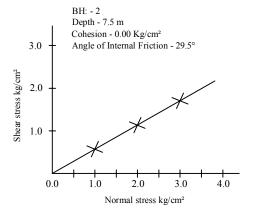
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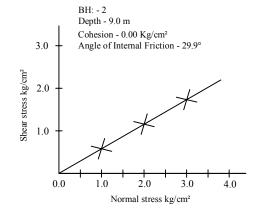


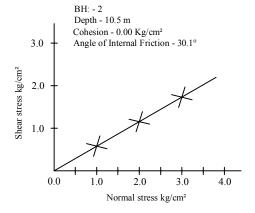












Appendix - D2

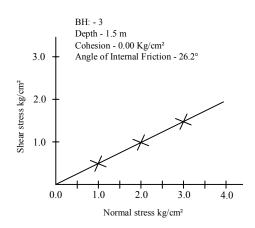
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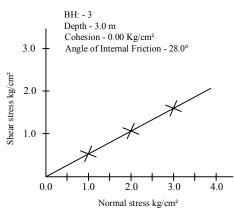
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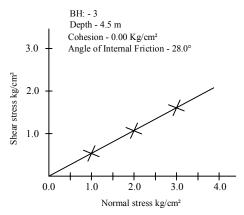
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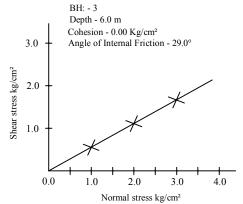
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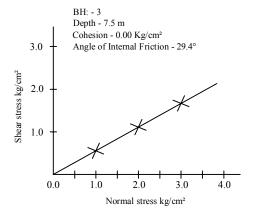
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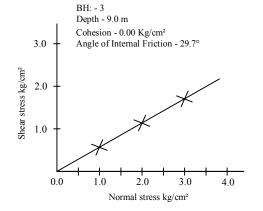


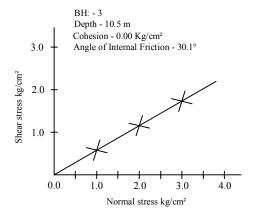












Appendix -

D3

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Project No. 211220

For the Proposed

Degree College in Govt. Mahila High School Campus, Jamui

Report on Sub Soil Investigation for the proposed Construction of

Degree College in Govt. Mahila High School Campus, Jamui

SAMPLE CALCULATION OF BEARING CAPACITY OF SHALLOW FOUNDATION

The determination of the **net safe bearing capacity**, \mathbf{q}_{ns} , is done first on the basis of the shear failure criterion after dividing the value of the **net ultimate bearing capacity** \mathbf{q}_{nf} , calculated as described below, by a suitable factor of safety. The **net soil pressure**, \mathbf{q}_s , for a given permissible settlement is then calculated as explained in the next section. The lower of the two values, \mathbf{q}_{ns} and \mathbf{q}_s , thus determined is taken as the **allowable bearing capacity** of the soil.

1. <u>Shear Failure Criterion</u>. The **net ultimate bearing capacity** \mathbf{q}_{nf} (t/m²) of a shallow foundation of breadth B (m) and depth D (m) is given as per IS:6403-1981 (Sec.5.1.2) by the following equation :

The bearing capacity factors (N's) are functions of ϕ , the angle of internal friction of the soil. Their values are found for general shear failure by referring to standard tables. If subsoil conditions are such as to lead to local shear failure, the values of these factors are found for a reduced value of angle of internal friction (ϕ ') given by the equation : tan ϕ ' = 0.67 tan ϕ . The value of cohesion is also reduced to c' = 0.67 c.

The values of the other factors for usual conditions are as tabulated below:

sc =	1.3	1+0.2B/L	1	d _c =	1+ 0.2 (N	φ) ^{0.5} D/ B		D _w at	G.L.	Fou'dn.Level
s _q =	1.2	1+0.2B/L	1	$d_q = d_\gamma =$	1	for	φ < 10 o	w =	0.5	1
\mathbf{s}_{γ} =	0.8//0.6	1-0.4B/L	1	$d_q = d_\gamma =$	1+ 0.1(N <i>γ</i>) ^{0.5} D/ B	φ $>$ 10^{o}	Ir	nterpolation	between
FOR	sq.// O	Rect.	STRIP	I_c , I_q , I_γ =	= 1 for verti	cal load		th	ese values	is linear.

In the present case, the representative values of cohesion $\mathbb O$ and angle of internal friction (ϕ)of the soil may be obtained from the soil data given earlier.

One example of calculation for a certain depth and width of a strip or square footing is given in the **Table A** on the next page. Full submergence of the soil has been assumed. The **safe bearing capacity**, q_{ns} has been obtained by dividing q_{nf} by a **safety factor**, 3. The net safe bearing capacity for a footing of the selected size and depth of footing is to be seen in its last column. Calculations of safe bearing capacities for other depths and widths of footings are done similarly.

2 Calculation of allowable bearing capacity based on settlement criterion

The **net soil pressure**, q_s (t/m^2) for a permissible settlement of 25 mm is give by Teng's formula:

$$\begin{aligned} \textbf{q_s} &= 3.5 \, [\text{N''} - 3] \, \big[\, \left(\text{B} + 0.3 \right) \! / \, 2 \, \, \text{B} \, \, \big]^{\, 2} \quad \text{w'} \quad F_d \qquad t / m^2 \\ \end{aligned}$$
 where
$$\begin{aligned} \text{N''} &= \text{corrected value of N from SPT} \\ F_d &= \left[1 + D / B \right] \, < \, \text{or} = \, 2 \end{aligned}$$

D, B and w' are as defined before.

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Appendix-F1

Report on Sub Soil Investigation for the proposed Construction of

Degree College in Govt. Mahila High School Campus, Jamui For a permissible settlement of **S** mm, the allowable bearing capacity

$$q'_s = S q_s /25$$

The corrected SPT N" values used in the calculations based on the above formula for different depths below G.L. may be found from the recorded data.

The N" value used in any case is to be for the influence zone below the footing, which depends on its width. A sample of calculation of the allowable soil pressure for the chosen size and depth of footing and for the permissible settlement is given in **Table B** in the next section.

The net allowable bearing pressure will be the lower of the values of bearing pressures found in the two Tables A and B.

Table A

Calculation of Net Safe Bearing Pressure [based on shear failure criterion]

Shape	of		F.S.=	γ, †	t/m³=	c =	ф =	Nc =	Nq =	$N_{\gamma} =$
Found	lation:	STRIP	3		1.91	0	28.0	25.80	14.72	16.72
			dq =	1			II	III.		
D [m]	B [m]	dc	dg	С	q	Term	Term	Term	qnf	qnf /F
4	2	1.66	1.332	0	3.82	0.00	69.86	21.26	91.12	30.37

Table B

Calculation of Net Allowable Bearing Pressure [based on settlement criterion]

D	В	Fd =	N"	w'	q s =25	S	q s=S		The adjoining Table comments	and the	
m	m				t/m ²	mm	t/m ²		below it are for a for	oting of de	epth, D
4	2.0	2	6	0.5	3.4716	50	6.9431		= 4 m, and width, B	[m] = 2	.0
	alue of al								50 mm is = from Table A	6.9	t/m ²
=										30.4	t/m ²
Honce	e the allow	ahle hes	rina nro	eeuro f	or sattlam	ont s= c	Nr <	50	mm will be =	6.9	t/m ²

The calculations for other depths and widths of footing are similar.

Calculations of Capacity of Plane Pile for the proposed

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Based on IS:2911 (Part I, Sec. 2) 2010, Annex B, (Clauses 6.3.1.1 and 6.3.2) using both cohesion (c), in t/m^2 and angle of internal friction (ϕ°). & circ'mf'r'nce (in m) of pile base, $j = 3.14 \times D = 0.785$ Area of pile base, $Ap (m^2) = 0.049$ WHEN Pile diameter, D (m)= 0.25 Surface area of pile's contact with soil, $A(m^2) = j x t$ where t = thickness of soil layer in contact with pile. End bearing, $Q_b = A_p C_p N_{c}$ In CLAY: Skin friction in clay, Qs In SAND: Skin friction, Qs = $KP_{mid}A \tan \delta$, where where $N_c=9$ = cAand $\delta = 0$. End bearing, Qb = Ap(0.5 Dy N_y + P_{tin}N_q), where Reduction factor, adepends on c, as given in Fig. 2 where P = overburden press.at mid-layer or pile tip , as the case be, of Annex. B of the above IS Code:2911 and the values of Ng and Ny are to be taken from the IS Code. *Max'm permissible P[t/m²] = Let factor of safety in 15 to 20 X pile diameter (D) X γ_{sub} Total Ultimate capacity of pile, Qu = Qs + Qb. t/m². friction, $f_s = 2.5$ $X \gamma_{sub}$ = 3.75 5 to Sate capacity of pile, Qsf = $(Qs/t_s + QD/t_b)$ 4.55 τ/m . bearing, $f_b = 3.0$ 3.4125 to

Depth of	Soil type						p =	P_{tip}	Permi	issible	A =	Qs' (for	Qs =	Qb	Qu	Qsf	Pile
soil layer		γ_{sub}	С	α	φ	t	γχτ	=∑p	P_{tip}	P_{mid}	j x t	1 layer)	ΣQs'			[runded off]	Length
(m)		t/m ³	t/m ²			[m]	t/m ²	t/m ²	t/m ²	t/m ²	m^2	t	t	t	t	tonnes	m
0.0-0.5	silty sand					0.5	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	Not consid	dered due to	cut-off and v	ery soft lay	ers.		0.5
0.5-2.0	silty sand	0.92	0.0		25.50	1.5	1.38	1.38	1.4	0.7	1.18	0.58	0.58	0.85	1.43		2.0
2.0-4.0	silty sand	0.91	0.0		25.80	2.0	1.82	3.20	3.2	2.3	1.57	2.61	3.19	2.57	5.76	2.1	4.0
4.0-6.0	silty sand	0.91	0.0		28.60	2.0	1.82	5.02	3.4	3.4	1.57	4.38	7.57	2.92	10.49	4.0	6.0
6.0-8.0	silty sand	0.87	0.0		29.20	2.0	1.74	6.76	3.4	3.4	1.57	4.49	12.05	3.06	15.11	5.8	8.0
8.0-10.0	silty sand	0.86	0.0		29.60	2.0	1.72	8.48	3.4	3.4	1.57	4.56	16.62	3.16	19.78	7.7	10.0
																-	
					 											+	
					 											 	
				Qb	for ϕ		Q b for	С									
Depth,d	γ _{sub}	φ°	* N _γ	*	N _q	# Q b	С	# Q b									
4.0	0.91	28.60	18.24	15	5.73	2.57	0.0	0.00									
6.0	0.87	29.20	19.91		5.82	2.92	0.0	0.00									
8.0	0.86	29.60	21.12		7.59	3.06	0.0	0.00									
10.0	0.86	29.90	22.07	18	3.19	3.16	0.0	0.00									
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विषय:- निर्माण स्थल के मिट्टी जाँच हेतु।

प्रसंगः— भवन निर्माण विभाग का पत्र संख्या—2030, दिनांक—21.04.2006

महाशय,

बिहार राज्य शैक्षणिक आधारभूत संरचना विकास निगम लि० के अधीन " जमुई में राजकीय महिला महाविद्यालय" के परिसर में डिग्री महाविद्यालय के भवन निर्माण कार्य प्रस्तावित है। इस भवन के निर्माण स्थल पर मिट्टी की जाँच कराना है।

अतः अनुरोध है कि उपरोक्त स्थल का तीन बिन्दुओं पर 10.5 मीटर गहराई तक प्रत्येक 1.5 मीटर गहराई में मिट्टी का नमूना संग्रह कर प्रतिवेदन समर्पित करें। साथ ही विहित प्रपत्र में मिट्टी के भार वहन क्षमता की गणना (Isolated एवं Pile Foundation के लिए अलग—अलग) भी Hard Copy एवं Soft Copy में समर्पित करें।

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मख्य अभियता

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